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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/015,886	12/17/2001	Steve Vlcan	1793.0310001	7290	
26111 7	26111 7590 06/20/2006			EXAMINER	
STERNE, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX PLLC			MOORTHY, ARAVIND K		
	1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2131		
				DATE MAILED: 06/20/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/015,886	VLCAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Aravind K. Moorthy	2131				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 Ma	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>30 May 2006</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
• •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 18 March 2002 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the other controls. 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	асент Аррисаціон (РТО-152)				

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1. This is in response to the RCE filed on 30 May 2006.

2. Claims 1-18 are pending in the application.

3. Claims 1-18 have been rejected.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

4. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37

CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible

for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been

timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR

1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 30 May 2006 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 30 May 2006 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

On pages 6 and 7, the applicant argues that Krishnaswami fails to discuss the use of a

"communication medium" as presently claimed to restore the modified file. The applicant

argues that it is unclear from the section of Krishnaswami as cited by the examiner whether the

restoration of the files is done manually at the location of the system having the corrupt file or by

any other means.

The examiner respectfully disagrees. Krishnaswami discloses that all local tasks can be

performed remotely. Krishnaswami discloses that the remote processing devices are linked

through a communications network. Also in claim 10 of the Krishnaswami reference, it is

disclosed that a computer system receives update packages for files that have been changed.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

6. Claims 1-3, 6, 7, 9-11, 14, 15 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Krishnaswami et al U.S. Patent No. 6,618,735 B1.

As to claims 1 and 10, Krishnaswami et al discloses a method for maintaining the integrity of a file at a remote location via a communication medium, comprising the steps of:

performing an integrity check on the file [column 5, lines 10-28];

redirecting to a install module if the integrity check fails [column 5, lines 44-59]; and reinstalling the file at the remote location via the communication medium, thereby maintaining the integrity of the file [column 6, lines 16-59].

As to claims 2 and 11, Krishnaswami et al discloses that the step of performing the integrity check comprises the steps of:

using an algorithm on the file to produce a remote value;

communicating the remote value to an integrity module via the communication medium;

using the algorithm on a mirror file to produce a secure value, wherein the mirror file is a valid copy of the file; and

communicating that the integrity check passed if the remote value and the secure value are equivalent [column 7, lines 9-25].

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As to claims 3 and 18, Krishnaswami et al discloses that the algorithm is a hash algorithm [column 6, lines 60-62].

As to claims 6 and 14, Krishnaswami et al discloses that the communication medium is the Internet [column 3, lines 47-59].

As to claims 7 and 15, Krishnaswami et al discloses that the communication medium is a local network [column 3, lines 47-59].

As to claims 9 and 17, Krishnaswami et al discloses that the remote location is an authentication control component [column 7, lines 9-25].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 4 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Krishnaswami et al U.S. Patent No. 6,618,735 B1 as applied to claims 1 and 10 above, and further in view of Logan U.S. Patent No. 6,665,659 B1.

As to claims 4 and 12, Krishnaswami et al does not teach that the step of redirecting to the install module comprises modifying the address of the install module to include a parameter to indicate the remote location of the file. Krishnaswami et al does not teach that the step of redirecting to the install module comprises producing, from the remote location, a request based on the modified address. Krishnaswami et al does not teach that the step of redirecting to the

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install module comprises communicating the request to the install module in the login page that instantiated the file at the remote location.

Logan teaches modifying the address of an install module to include a parameter to indicate the remote location of the file. Logan teaches redirecting to an install module comprises producing, from the remote location, a request based on the modified address. Logan teaches redirecting to an install module comprises communicating the request to the install module in the login page that instantiated the file at the remote location [column 8, lines 40-51].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Krishnaswami et al so that the address of an install module would have been modified to include a parameter that indicated the remote location of the file. A request based on the modified address would have been produced, from the remote location. The request would have been communicated to the install module in the login page that instantiated the file at the remote location.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Krishnaswami et al by the teaching of Logan because it enables an user to locate desired information and to differentiate between different items of such information based on its attributes [column 1, lines 59-61].

8. Claims 5 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Krishnaswami et al U.S. Patent No. 6,618,735 B1 as applied to claims 1 and 10 above, and further in view of Gauvin et al U.S. Patent No. 5,991,760.

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As to claims 5 and 13, Krishnaswami et al does not teach that the step of reinstalling the remote file comprises generating a reinstallation web page, by the install module, based on a request from the remote location. Krishnaswami et al does not teach that the step of reinstalling the remote file comprises communicating the reinstallation web page, via the communication medium, to the remote location. Krishnaswami et al does not teach that the step of reinstalling the remote file comprises reinstalling the remote file at the remote location.

Gauvin et al teaches generating a reinstallation web page, by the install module, based on a request from the remote location. Gauvin et al teaches reinstalling the remote file comprises communicating the reinstallation web page, via the communication medium, to the remote location. Gauvin et al teaches reinstalling the remote file at the remote location [column 6, lines 17-60].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Krishnaswami et al so that a reinstallation web page would have been generated, by the install module, based on a request from the remote location. The remote file would have been reinstalled by communicating the reinstallation web page, via the communication medium, to the remote location. The remote file would have been reinstalled at the remote location.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Krishnaswami et al by the teaching of Gauvin et al because it provides a user with a clean updated version of the file [column 2, lines 12-28].

Claims 8 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Krishnaswami et al U.S. Patent No. 6,618,735 B1 as applied to claims 1 and 10 above, and further in view of Satyanarayana et al U.S. Patent No. 5,909,429.

As to claims 8 and 16, Krishnaswami et al does not teach that the communication medium is a wireless network.

Satyanarayana et al teaches a communication network that is a wireless network as well as its benefits [column 6 line 66 to column 7 line 9].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Krishnaswami et al so that the communication medium was a wireless network.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Krishnaswami et al by the teaching of Satyanarayana et al because wireless networks eliminate the need for connectors and wires at the, provides an opportunity for testing the operation of the nodes prior to completion of installation of the network (and prior to execution of the network initialization routine), and reduces the cost and time required for installation of the wireless network [column 9, lines 37-47].

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Conclusion

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Aravind K. Moorthy whose telephone number is 571-272-3793.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Ayaz R. Sheikh can be reached on 571-272-3795. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

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like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Aravind K Moorthy

June 12, 2006

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